EVERWIN MATRIC. HR. SEC. SCHOOL 09.01.2020 **REVISION-1** Marks: 90 Std:XII (F-J) **Business Mathematics** Time: 3 Hrs I. Choose the correct answer: 20x1=20 1. If $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$ then p(A) is _____. a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) n 2. The system of equations 4x+6y=5, 6x+9y=7 has _____. a) a unique solution b) no solution c) Infinitely many solution d) none of these 3. $\int \frac{2x^3}{4+x^4} \, dx$ is _____ a) $\log |4 + x^4| + c$ b) $\frac{1}{2} \log |4 + x^4| + c$ c) $\frac{1}{4} \log |4 + x^4| + c$ d) $\log \left| \frac{2x^3}{4 + x^4} \right| + c$ 4. $\int_{0}^{4} \left(\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx$ a) $\frac{20}{3}$ b) $\frac{21}{3}$ c) $\frac{28}{3}$ d) $\frac{1}{3}$ 5. Area bounded by y=e^x between the limits 0 to 1 is _____. a) (e-1) sq.units b) (e+1) sq.units c) $\left(1-\frac{1}{2}\right)$ sq.units d) $\left(1+\frac{1}{2}\right)$ sq.units 6. The demand function for the marginal function $MR=100-9x^2$ is a) $100-3x^2$ b) $100x-3x^2$ c) $100x-9x^2$ d) $100+9x^2$ 7. The P.I of (3D²+D-14)y=13e^{2x} is _____ a) $\frac{x}{2}e^{2x}$ b) $x e^{2x}$ c) $\frac{x^2}{2}e^{2x}$ d) 13 $x e^{2x}$ 8. The integrating factor of $x \frac{dy}{dx} - y = x^2$ is _____ a) $\frac{-1}{x}$ b) $\frac{1}{x}$ c) log x d) x 9. E=____ b) 1+∆ c) 1-∇ a) 1-∆ d) 1+⊽

10. Lagrange's interpolation formula can	be used for
a) equal intervals only b) uneq	qual intervals only
c) both equal and unequal interva	lls d) none of these
11. If c is constant then E(c) is	
a) 0 b) 1 c) f(c)	d) c
12. Given $E(x)=5$ and $E(y)=-2$ then $E(x-y)$	is
a) 3 b) 5 c) 7	d) -2
13. If $X \sim N(9, 81)$ the standard normal va	ariate z will be
a) $Z = \frac{X-81}{9}$ b) $Z = \frac{X-9}{81}$ c) $Z = \frac{X-9}{9}$	$\frac{19}{2}$ d) $Z = \frac{9-X}{9}$
14. If $P(Z>z)=0.5832$ what is the value of	Z (Z has standard
distribution)?	
a) -0.48 b) 0.48 c) 1.04	d) -0.21
15. Errors in sampling are of	
a) two types b) three types c) fou	r types d) five types
16. Type I error is	
a) Accept H_0 when it is true b) Ac	ccept H_0 when it is false
c) Reject H_0 when it is true d) Re	eject H_0 when it is false
17. Most commonly used index number	is
a) Volume index number b) Valu	ie index number
c) Price index number d) Simp	ple index number
18. R is calculated using	
a) $\mathbf{x}_{\max} - \mathbf{x}_{\min}$ b) $\mathbf{x}_{\min} - \mathbf{x}_{\max}$ c) $\bar{\mathbf{x}}_{\max}$	$\bar{x} - \bar{x}_{min}$ d) $\bar{\bar{x}}_{max} - \bar{\bar{x}}_{min}$
19. In a degenerate solution number of a	allocations is
a) equal to m+n-1 b) not e	equal to m+n-1
c) less than $m+n-1$ d) grea	ter than m+n-1
20. A type of decision-making environme	ent is
a) certainty b) uncertainty c) ris	sk d) all of the above

- II. Answer any 7 of the following, Q.No.30 is compulsory 7x2=14
- 21. Find the rank of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} -5 & -7 \\ 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$
- 22. Evaluate $\int_{-1}^{1} \frac{x^5 dx}{a^2 x^2}$
- 23. Using Integration, find the area of the region bounded the line 2y+x=8, the x-axis and the lines x=2, x=4
- 24. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x-y} + x^2 e^{-y}$
- 25. Distinguish between discrete and continuous random variable
- 26. Define Bernoulli trials.
- 27. The data shows the sample mean for 5 samples for size 5 each. Find control limits for mean chart. A₂=0.577

Sample	1	2	3	4	5
Mean	21	26	23	18	19

28. Given the following pay-off matrix (in rupees) for three

strategies and two states of nature.

	State of nature			
Strategy	E_1 E_2			
\mathbf{S}_1	40	60		
S_2	10	-20		
S_3	-40	150		

Select a strategy using each of the following (i) Maximin

(ii) Minimax

- 29. The S.D of sample size 50 is 6.3. Determine the standard error whose population S.D is 6.
- 30. Find $\Delta^2 e^x$
- III. Answer any 7 of the following, Q.No.40 is compulsory 7x3=21
- 31. The total cost of 11 pencils and 3 erasers is ₹64 and total cost of 8 pencils and 3 erasers is ₹49. Find the cost of each pencil and each eraser by cramer's rule.

- 32. The marginal cost function is $MC=300x^{\frac{2}{5}}$ and fixed cost is zero. Find out the total cost and average cost function.
- 33. Solve: $(x^2+1) \frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy = 4x^2$
- 34. Following are population of a district

Year (x)	1881	1891	1901	1911
Population (y)	363	-	391	421
Thousands				
4 . 4 . 4 . 4	0.1		0.0.1	

Find the population of the year 1891.

35. Suppose the probability mass function of the discrete random variable is

X= x	0	1	2	3		
P(x)	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.3		

- What is the value of $E(3x+2x^2)$?
- 36. Assume the mean height of children to be 69.25cm with a variance of 10.8cm. How many children in a school of 1,200 would you expect to be over 74cm tall?
- 37. A sample of 100 measurements at breaking strength of cotton thread gave a mean of 7.4 and S.D of 1.2 gms. Find 95% confidence limits for the mean breaking strength of cotton thread.
- 38. Compute (i) Laspeyre's (ii) Paasche's for the 2010 from the following data:

	P	rice	Qua	ntity
Commodity	2000	2010	2000	2010
А	12	14	18	16
В	15	16	20	15
C	14	15	24	20
D	12	12	29	23

39. Solve the following assignment problem:



$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 7x+3, \text{ if } 1 \le x \le 3 \\ 8x, \text{ if } 3 \le x \le 4 \end{cases}$$

7x5=35

41. a) The subscription department of a magazine sends out a letter to a large mailing list inviting subscriptions for the magazine. Some of the people receiving this letter already subscribe to the magazine while others do not. From this mailing list, 45% of those who already subscribe will subscribe again while 30% of those who do not now subscribe will subscribe. On the last letters, it was found that 40% of those receiving it ordered a subscription. What percent of those receiving the current letter can be expected to order a subscription?

(or)

b) Evaluate as limit of sum $\int_0^1 x^2 dx$

42. a) The demand supply function of a commodity are $P_d=18-2x-x^2$ and $P_s=2x-3$. Find the consumer surplus and producer's surplus at equilibrium price.

(or)

b) Solve the differential equation $y^2dx + (xy+x^2)dy=0$

43. a) Obtain an initial basic feasible solution to the following transportation problem using Vogel's approximation method.

Ware houses	Stores			Availability (a _i)	
А	5	1	3	3	34
В	3	3	5	9	15
С	6	4	4	3	12
D	4	1	4	5	19
Requirement	21	25	17	17	
(b _j)					
			(or)		

b) Compute the average seasonal movement for the following sums.

Year	Quarterly Production				
	Ι	II	III	IV	
2002	3.5	3.8	3.7	3.5	
2003	3.6	4.2	3.4	4.1	
2004	3.4	3.9	3.7	4.2	
2005	4.2	4.5	3.8	4.4	
2006	3.9	4.4	4.2	4.6	

44. a) (i) A sample of 900 members has a mean 3.4 cm and SD

2.61cm. Is the sample taken from a large population with mean 3.25cm and SD 2.62 cm?

(ii) If the population is normal and its mean is unknown, find the95% and 98% confidence limits of true mean.

(or)

b) Derive the mean and variance of binomial distribution.

45. a) The probability density function of a random variable x is

 $f(\mathbf{x})=\mathbf{K}e^{-|\mathbf{x}|}, -\infty < \mathbf{x} < \infty$

Find the value of k and also find mean and variance for the random variable.

(or)

b) The following data are taken from the steam table.

Temperature C ⁰	140	150	160	170	180
Pressure Kg f/cm ³	3.685	4.854	6.302	8.076	10.225
Find pressure at t=175 ^o					

46. a) Suppose that the quantity demanded $Q_d=13-6p+\frac{2dp}{dt}+\frac{d^2p}{dt^2}$ and quantity supplied $Q_s=-3+2p$ where p is the price. Find the equilibrium price for market clearance.

(or)

b) Calculate Fisher's Price Index number and show that its satisfies both Time Reversal Test and Factor Reversal Test for data given below.

	Base	e Year	Curre	nt Year
Commodities	Price	Quantity	Price	Quantity
Rice	10	5	11	6
Wheat	12	6	13	4
Rent	14	8	15	7
Fuel	16	9	17	8
Transport	18	7	19	5
Miscellaneous	20	4	21	3

47. a) A sample of 125 dry battery cells tested to find the length of life produced the following resulted with mean 12 and SD 3 hours.

Assuming that the data to be normal distributed, what

percentage of battery cells are expected to have life

i) more than 13 hours ii) less than 5 hours

iii) between 9 and 14 hours

Ζ	0.333	2.333	1	0.667		
Area	0.1293	0.4901	0.3413	0.2486		
(or)						

b) Evaluate $\int \frac{xe^x}{(1+x)^2} dx$