

SOCIAL SCIENCE

I. Choose the correct answer:

1. In the Russo-Japanese war, Japan defeated Russia and got back _____.
 a) Danzig b) Port Arthur c) Sakata d) Miyako
2. _____ was the American President in 1904.
 a) Abraham Lincoln b) Franklin Roosevelt
 c) Theodore Roosevelt d) George Washington d) George Washington
3. The Fascist party was founded in _____.
 a) 1918 b) 1920 c) 1919 d) 1921
4. The _____ channel separates Lakshadweep islands from the Maldives islands.
 a) ten degree b) eight degree c) seven degree d) nine degree
5. _____ safeguards people from illegal arrests.
 a) Mandamus b) Habeas Corpus c) Certiorari d) Quo Warranto
6. In 1937, Japan invaded _____ and seized Beijing.
 a) Turkey b) Russia c) Germany d) China
7. Wildlife Research Institute of India located at _____.
 a) Ludhiana b) Dehradun c) Bhopal d) Jodhpur
8. Watering of plants through artificial means _____.
 a) Soil erosion b) Soil conservation c) Irrigation d) None of these
9. In India _____ has the second rank in GDP among the states.
 a) Kerala b) Tamil Nadu c) Maharashtra d) Andhrapradesh
10. Gorbachav was held under house arrest in _____.
 a) Kazan b) Sochi c) Volgograd d) Moscow
11. The first nuclear power station was set up at _____ near Mumbai in 1969.
 a) Kalpakkam b) Kaiga c) Rawat Bhata d) Tarapur
12. The main objective of the Singh Sabha was to restore the purity of _____.
 a) Hinduism b) Sikhism c) Christianity d) Islam
13. The _____ express is the fastest operational train in India.
 a) Shatabdi b) Rajdhani c) Gatiman d) Charminar
14. In India the first census was carried out in the year _____.
 a) 1870 b) 1871 c) 1872 d) 1874
15. Which one of the following states does not possess a bicameral legislature?
 a) Andhra Pradesh b) Tamil Nadu c) Telangana d) Uttar Pradesh
16. Pattamadai is famous for _____.
 a) Kuthuvilakku b) Mat c) Turmeric d) Sungadi
17. Textile capital of Tamil Nadu is _____.
 a) Karur b) Coimbatore c) Erode d) Salem
18. Income tax was introduced in India for the first time in the year _____.
 a) 1860 b) 1870 c) 1880 d) 1850
19. _____ was the first country to implement GST in 1954.
 a) India b) France c) European Countries d) None of the above
20. Assertion (A): During the first three years of the I world war, the United States gave only moral support and valuable material aid to Britain and France.
 Reason (R) : They had a very poor leadership.
 a) Both (A) and (R) are correct b) (A) is right but (R) is not the correct reason
 c) Both (A) and (R) are wrong d) (R) is right but it has no relevance to (A)
21. i) When the first world war came to an end the industries that grew to meet war-time requirements had to be abandoned or modified.
 ii) Huge stocks had to be disposed off and large numbers of workers had to be sacked.
 iii) At the end of the world war I. Germany was financially in a sound position.
 iv) America encouraged the flow of capital in to Europe.
 a) (i) and (ii) are correct b) (i), (ii) and (iv) are correct
 c) (iv) is correct d) (i),(iii) and (iv) are correct
22. i) The peninsular rivers originate from the Himalayas.
 ii) The uninhabited "Pitt Island" of Lakshadweep Islands has a bird Sanctuary.
 iii) Aravalli Range is the oldest fold mountain range in India.
 iv) Gersappa falls is found in the River Ganga.
 a) (i) and (ii) are correct b) All the four are correct
 c) (ii) and (iii) are correct d) (iv) is correct

23. Which of the following sequences is right regarding the preamble?
 a) Republic, democratic, secular, sovereign
 b) Sovereign, socialist, secular, republic, democratic
 c) Sovereign, republic, secular, socialist, democratic
 d) Sovereign, socialist, secular, democratic, republic
24. Assertion (A): In 1939, Britain and France declared war on Germany.
 Reason (R) : Hitler broke the Munich pact and attacked Czechoslovakia followed by Poland.
 a) Both (A) and (R) are correct b) (A) is right but (R) is not the correct reason
 c) Both (A) and (R) are wrong d) (R) is right but it has no relevance to (A)
25. Assertion (A) : The Himalayas act as Climatic Barrier.
 Reason (R) : The Himalayas prevents cold winds from Central Asia and to keep the Indian Sub-continent Warm.
 a) Both (A) and (R) are correct (R) explain (A)
 b) Both (A) and (R) are correct (R) does not explain (A)
 c) (A) is correct (R) is false d) (A) is false (R) is correct
26. i) First Round of GATT was held at Washington.
 ii) Second Round was held at Anncey. (France)
 iii) Third Round was held at Geneva
 iv) Seventh Round was held at Tokyo. (Japan)
 a) (i) and (iv) are correct b) (i) and (ii) are correct
 c) (iii) and (iv) are correct d) (i) and (iii) are correct
27. Assertion (A) : Jyothi Phule opened orphanages and homes for widows.
 Reason (R) : Jyothi Phule opposed Child Marriage and supported widows remarriage.
 a) (A) is correct but (R) is not apt to the (A)
 b) (A) is correct and (R) is apt to the (A)
 c) Both are wrong d) (R) is correct but (A) is irrelevant
28. i) Ramakrishna Mission was actively involved in social causes such as education, health care, relief in time of Calamities.
 ii) Ramakrishna emphasised the spiritual Union with God through ecstatic practices.
 iii) Ramakrishna established the Ramakrishna Mission.
 iv) Ramakrishna opposed the Partition of Bengal.
 a) (i) is correct b) (i) and (ii) are correct c) (iii) is correct d) (iv) is correct
29. Assertion (A): There are limitations on the Legislative authority of the State Legislature.
 Reason (R) : Certain bills on the State List can be introduced in the State Legislature only with the presidents approval.
 a) (A) is false, but (R) is true b) (A) is true (R) is false
 c) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct reason for (A)
 d) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct reason of (A)
30. i) Shortage of goods, whether natural or artificial is the root cause of black money.
 ii) Industrial sector has been the major contributor to black money.
 iii) Smuggling is one of the major sources of black money
 iv) When the tax rate is low, more black money is generated
 a) (i) and (ii) b) (iv) only c) (i) only d) (ii) and (iii)

31. The Triple Entente was signed in _____.
 a) 1904 b) 1905 c) 1907 d) 1909
32. _____ was the Austrian Crown Prince assassinated by Prinlip.
 a) George Francis b) Francis Ferdinandc) Franz Joseph d) Wilhelm-II
33. _____ was the emblem of Nazi Party.
 a) Swastika b) GESTAPO c) OVRA d) Iron Cross
34. A major outcome of the Holocaust was the creation of the state _____.
 a) Arabia b) Iran c) Iraq d) Israel
35. Theosophical Society was founded by _____.
 a) Blavatsky and Olcott b) C.R.Das and Nehru
 c) Gandhi and Nehru d) Jyotiba and Ayyankali
36. _____ was the founder of Advaidananda Sabha.
 a) Iyothee Thassar b) Ramalinga Adigal
 c) Vaikunda Swamigal d) Keshab Chandra Sen
37. The first All India Trade Union Conference (AITUC) was held in _____.
 a) Bombay b) Delhi c) Surat d) Gujarat
38. _____ frequently wrote columns under the pseudonym of Chitraputtiran.
 a) B.R Ambedkar b) Periyar c) Singaravelar d) Bharathiyar
39. _____ shot dead collector Asha in Maniyachi Railway Junction.
 a) Subramania Siva b) Aurobindo Ghosh
 c) Vanchinathan d) V.O.Chidambaranar
40. _____ was a famous American merchant ship Sunk by Germany.
 a) Lusitania b) Emden c) Titanic d) Galilla
41. The Chinese Revolution took place in the year _____.
 a) 1910 b) 1912 c) 1911 d) 1915
42. The _____ is known as the Roof of the world.
 a) Aravalli b) Pamir Khot c) Godwin Austen d) Everest
43. The shallow lagoons and backwaters are called _____.
 a) Kayals and Teris b) Deltas and estuary
 c) Sanddunes and beach d) Chilka and Kolleru
44. Tropical deciduous forest are also called _____.
 a) Mangrove forest b) Tidal forest c) Monsoon forest d) Alpine forest
45. _____ desert is the driest place on the earth.
 a) Sahara b) Thar c) Atacama d) Gopi
46. _____ is the highest gravity dam in the world.
 a) Tehri Dam b) Hirakud Dam c) Mettur Dam d) Bhakra-Nangal Dam
47. The first largest producer of rice in the world is _____.
 a) USA b) Japan c) China d) India
48. There are _____ cropping seasons are there in India.
 a) four b) three c) two d) five
49. Oldest oil field of India is _____.
 a) Digboi oil field b) Ankleshwar c) Mumbai high d) Basseim oil field
50. The first Hydro-electric power station in India was established at _____.
 a) Sikkim b) Bokaro c) Jamshedpur d) Darjeeling
51. The Road from Kolkata to Peshawar was renamed as _____.
 a) North-South Corridor b) Golden Quadrilateral
 c) East-West Corridor d) Grand Trunk
52. The second largest mangrove forest in the world is located in _____ district.
 a) Cuddalore b) Nilgiri c) Thoothukudi d) Thiruvallur
53. Kodaikanal lies in _____ hills.
 a) Anaimalai b) Palani c) Pothigai d) Cardamom
54. The Tamil Nadu Rice Research institute is located in _____.
 a) Aduthurai b) Chidambaram c) Chennai d) Madurai
55. Tamilnadu Newsprint and Papers Limited was started in _____.
 a) 1978 b) 1980 c) 1974 d) 1979
56. _____ is an indicator to show the living standard of people in a country.
 a) GDP b) NDP c) PCI d) PI
57. How many countries are there in WTO at present as members?
 a) 161 b) 162 c) 163 d) 164
58. On 1st November 2016, _____ became the last state in the country to implement the National food security.
 a) Tamil Nadu b) Bihar c) Odisha d) Punjab

