

I. Choose the correct answer.

(12× 1 = 12)

- Who was the greatest ruler of Sangama Dynasty?
a) Bukka b) Devaraya II c) Harihara II d) Krishna Devaraya
- Which was the most common animal depicted on the pillars of Vijayanagara style?
a) Elephant b) Horse c) Cow d) Deer
- Who ended the Sultanate in Madurai?
a) Saluva Narasimha b) Devaraya II
c) Kumara Kampana d) Tirumaladeva Raya
- Who was the last ruler of the Sangama Dynasty?
a) RamaRaya b) Tirumaladeva Raya
c) Devaraya II d) Virupaksha Raya II
- Name the Bahmani King who was a linguist and a poet.
a) Ala -ud-din Hasan Shah b) Muhammad I
c) Sultan Firoz d) Mujahid
- Amuktamalyada, a masterpiece in Telugu literature was written by
a) Tenali Ramakrishna b) Krishnadeva Raya
c) Alassani Peddanna d) Jakkamma
- How many states does India have?
a) 26 b) 27 c) 28 d) 29
- Who appoints the Chief Minister and other Ministers?
a) President b) Prime Minister
c) Governor d) Election Commissioner
- Who becomes the Chief Minister?
a) Leader of the Majority Party b) Leader of the Opposition Party
c) Both d) None of the above
- What is the minimum age for becoming a member of the State Legislative Council?
a) 18 yrs b) 21 yrs c) 25 yrs d) 30 yrs
- The word State Government refers to _____
a) Government departments in the states b) Legislative Assembly
c) Both (a) & (b) d) None of the above
- What are the three branches of the State Government?
a) Mayor, Governor, MLA b) Panchayat, Municipality, Corporation
c) Village, City, State d) Legislative, Executive and Judiciary

II. Fill in the blanks.

(12× 1 = 12)

- _____ was the capital of Aravidu dynasty.
- Vijayanagar emperors issued a large number of gold coins called _____
- Mahmud Gawan used _____ chemists to teach the preparation and use of gun powder.
- In Vijayanagara administration _____ looked after the affairs of villages.
- _____ is a semi-precious stone sky-blue in colour
- The Golconda Fort is located in _____
- The Governor is appointed by the _____

8. _____ is the highest judicial organ of the state.

9. The elected representative who are not the members of ruling party are called _____.

10. MLA stands for _____.

11. _____ is a particular area from where all the voters living there choose their representatives

12. TamilNadu has a _____ Legislature.

III. Match the following.

(10× 1 = 10)

Group-A

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. MLAs | - Pandurangamahatyam |
| 2. Fort St. George | - Ruler of Odisha |
| 3. Vijayanagara | - Legislative Assembly |
| 4. Tenali Ramakrishna | - City of victory |
| 5. Prataparudra | - Secretariat |

Group-B

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 6. Abdur Razzaq | - Head of the state |
| 7. Krishna Devaraya | - 7 |
| 8. Chief Minister | - Persian Emissary |
| 9. Governor | - Astadiggajas |
| 10. Union Territories | - Leader of the Majority Party |

IV. State True or False.

(5× 1 = 5)

- There were 18 Monarchs of the Bahmani Dynasty
- Alasani Peddanna was the greatest of all Astadiggajas
- Harihara and Bukka were the founders of Bahmani Kingdom
- Krishnadeva Raya, who reigned for 20 years, was the most illustrious rulers of Sangama Dynasty.
- Kingship of Vijayanagar administration was hereditary, based on the principle of Primo-geniture.

V. Answer in one or two sentences. (Any Eight)

(8× 3 = 24)

- Write the four dynasties of Vijayanagara Kingdom with reference to prominent rulers of each dynasty.
- What are the five independent kingdoms of Deccan Sultanate?
- What are the various Educational reforms of Ala-ud-din Hasan Shah?
- Write a note on Battle of Talikota.
- Write a note on the poem Madura Vijayam.
- What are the qualifications to become the Governor of a state?
- Who are called oppositions?
- Write a note on Lok Adalat.
- What is a Constituency?
- Write about the 3 main organs of the Government.

VI. Answer in Detail. (Any One)

(1× 6 = 6)

- Who is an MLA?
- Discuss the career and achievements of Krishna Devaraya.
- What is the role of Chief Minister and other council of ministers at the State level?

VII. Mark the following places on the India- River Map.

(1× 6 = 6)

- Ahmad Nagar
- Berar
- Talikota
- Hampi
- Bijapur
- Penukonda